# Product Standards and Performance Evaluation Testing system for Decentralized Wastewater Treatment Plants in India

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# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1986 & FURTHER AMENDMENTS

Main objective to provide the protection and improvement of the environment and for matters connected therewith.

The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986

For any new construction project clearance:

Sewage Can be disposed off as below:

- By Septic tank & soak pit during the construction phase.
- By Package Sewage treatment plant in operational phase if the project don't fall under Central Sewage treatment plant.

<sup>1</sup>[SCHEDULE – VI]

GENERAL STANDARDS FOR DISCHARGE OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTANTS PART-A: EFFLUENTS

	S.	Parameter	Standards					
	No.		Inland surface water	Public Sewers	Land for irrigation	Marine coastal areas		
	1	2			3			
			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
2.	Oxyge	emical en demand <sup>1</sup> [3 at 27°C] mg/l	30	350	100	100		
3.		ical Oxygen ind, mg/l,	250			250		

Many projects on Interception, Diversion and Centralized Sewage Treatment Come up from Government Funding, but decentralized funded by private entities

# **EVALUATION OF DECENTRAIZED PLANTS UNDER INDO-EU PROJECT 2011-**



AERATED ALGOON (20 mg/L-91 %)



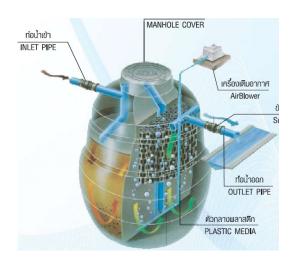
VORTEX SYSTEM (102 mg/L-75 %)



BORDA DEWATS (4mg/L-90 %)



PACKAGE ANAEROBIC FILTER (191 mg/L-60 %)





On-site Aerobic Package( 47 mg/L-77 %)

# **ISSUES**

- **▶ Less Funds Available for CAPEX & OPEX**
- ► Lack of Interest in Operation & Maintenance
- Inadequate design to cope with hydraulic and Organic Loading Variations & Influent values are much higher than centralized systems.
- Unskilled Manpower
- Low End Electromechanical Equipments

**NOT STRICT REGULATORY FRAMEWORK &** 

MANUALS, TECHNOLOGIES AND STANDARD DESIGNS ARE NOT AVAILABLE IN PUBLIC DOMAIN

# MANUAL ON SEWERAGE & SEWAGE TREATMENT-2013 CHAPTER-9 -ON-SITE SANITATION



# MANUAL ON SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

PART A: ENGINEERING
THIRD EDITION - REVISED AND UPDATED

MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT, NEW DELHI

http://moud.gov.in

CENTRAL PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING ORGANIZATION

IN COLLABORATION WITH



JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY

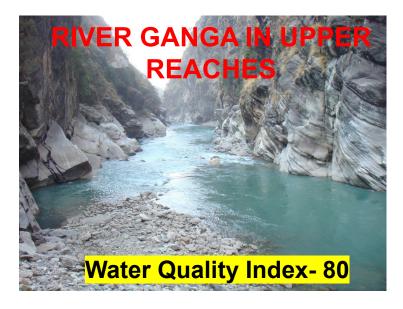
**NOVEMBER 2013** 

Capacity (A)			
10 Persons (2.0 r	n³/day <sup>*</sup> )		
Weight (equipmen	nt only)		
470 kg			
Main body materi	al		
FRP	FRP		
Tank volume, Equ	ipment capacity		
Anaerobic filter No. 1: 2.13 cum No. 2: 1.414 cum			
Contact aeration tank	2.037 cum		
Sedimentation tank	0.717 cum		
Blower	120 L/mln × 130 W		

1,870mm	
1,800mm	3955

Pack	On-site construction-type			
Small-scale	Medium- scale	Large-scale	Medium/Large-scale	
(About 5 to 50 people)	(About 51 to 500 people)	(Approx. 500 to 5,000 people)	(More than 500 people)	
			ALACOCOCIO III	

# **MONITORING WATER BODIES IN INDIA-2015--**

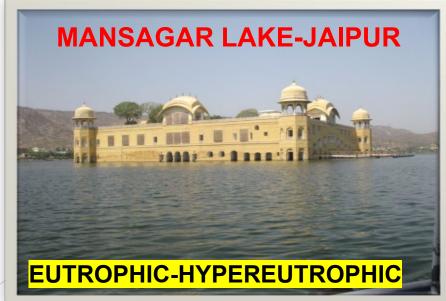












# NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL (NGT) Matter OA No. 673 of 2018

Many States/ UTs are constructing or have proposed to develop STPs in Polluted River Stretches with capacity less than 2 MLD. States, in such situations, may consider to adopt installation of decentralized modular STPs; which offer advantages in form of lesser time involved in commissioning of systems, less land footprints, easy operations; instead of conventional centralized STPs based on techno-commercial considerations. This will also enable them to comply to NGT stipulated timelines.

Johkasou system introduced in India by Daiki Axis- 2018

# STRICT EFFLUENT STANDARDS-NGT ORDER 2019

Industry	Parameters	Standards(ApplicabletoalImodeof disposal)
Sewage	рН	5.5-9.0
Treatment	Bio-Chemical Oxygen Demand (BOD), mg/l	10
Plants	Total Suspended Solids (TSS), mg/l	20
(STP)	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), mg/l	50
	Nitrogen-Total, mg/l	10
	Phosphorus-Total (For Discharge into Ponds, Lakes), mg/l	1.0
	Fecal Coliform (FC)(Most ProbableNumber per 100 mililiter, MPN/100 ml	Desirable- 100 Permissible-230

# PROPOSAL FOR STANDADS FOR PACKAGE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT TO BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS AUGUST 2020

11/17/21, 3:32 PM	Proposal Details
A. Proposal Details	
Part - 1	
Organization Type: Others	
1. Name of Proposer	Jenish Jeyakumar
2. Email ID	j.jenish@daiki-axis.com
3. Phone	9940532272
4. Address	Daiki-Axis India Pvt Ltd, No-17, Ground Floor, DLF Tower B, Jasola, New Delhi - 110025

# Kickoff meeting —Field test with IIT-Roorkee

Jan-14,2021



# INSTALLATION AND TESTING- STP PREMISES IIT ROORKEE-2021



SEWAGE PUMPING STATION



**RAW SEWAGE TANK** 



JOHKASOU (7 KLD)

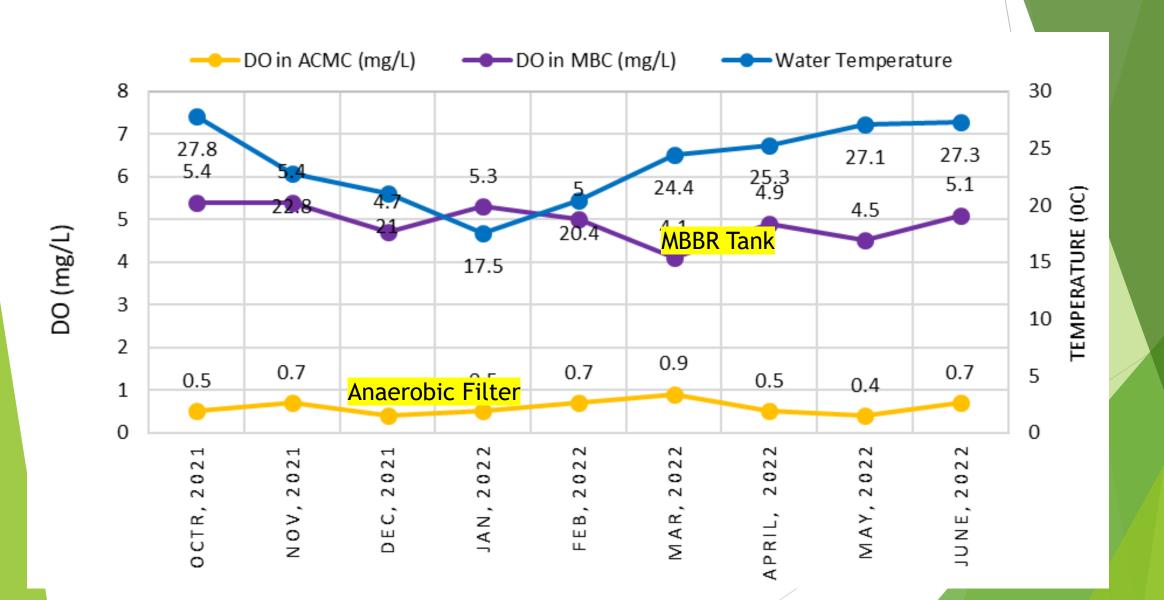


TERTIARY TREATMENT

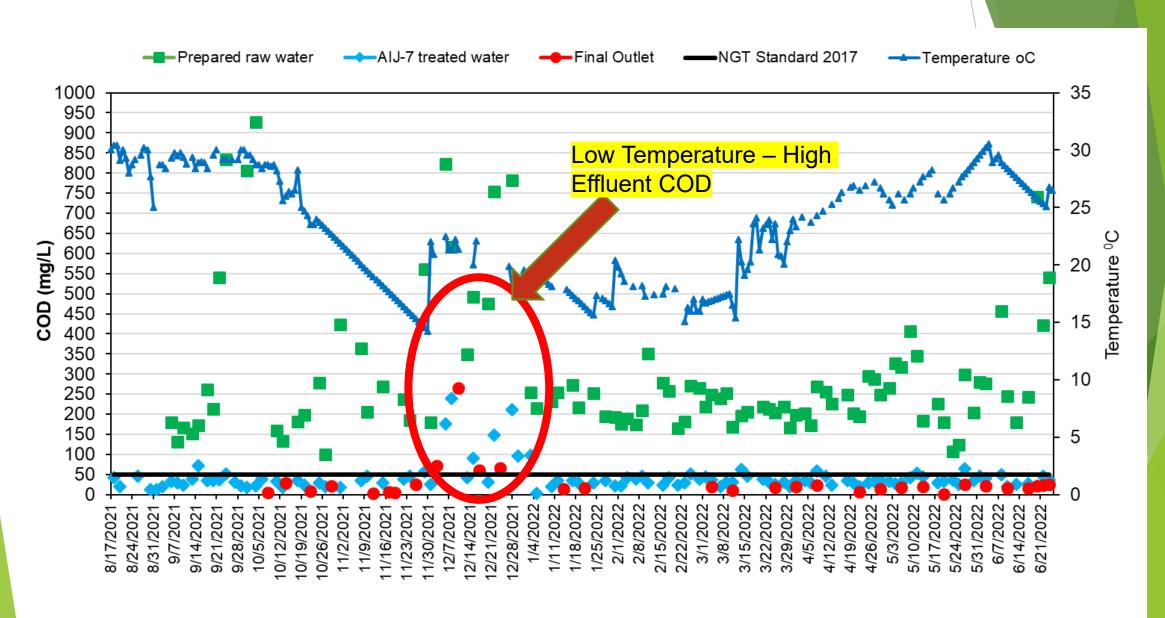




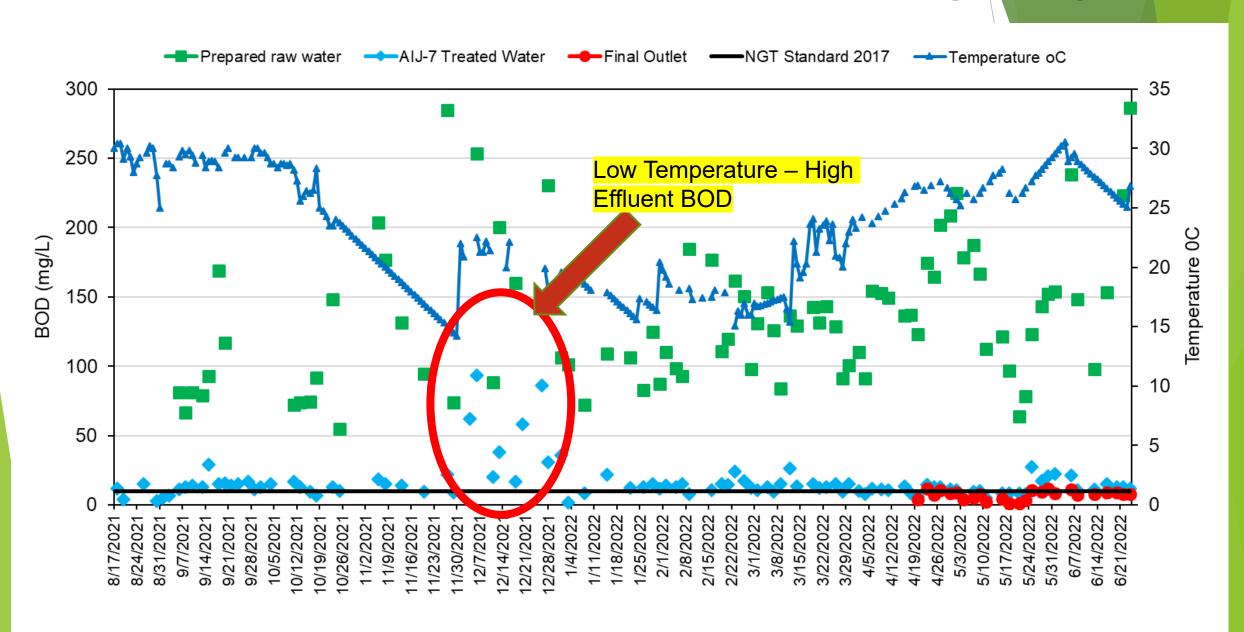
# **TEMPERATURE & DISSOLVED OXYGEN**



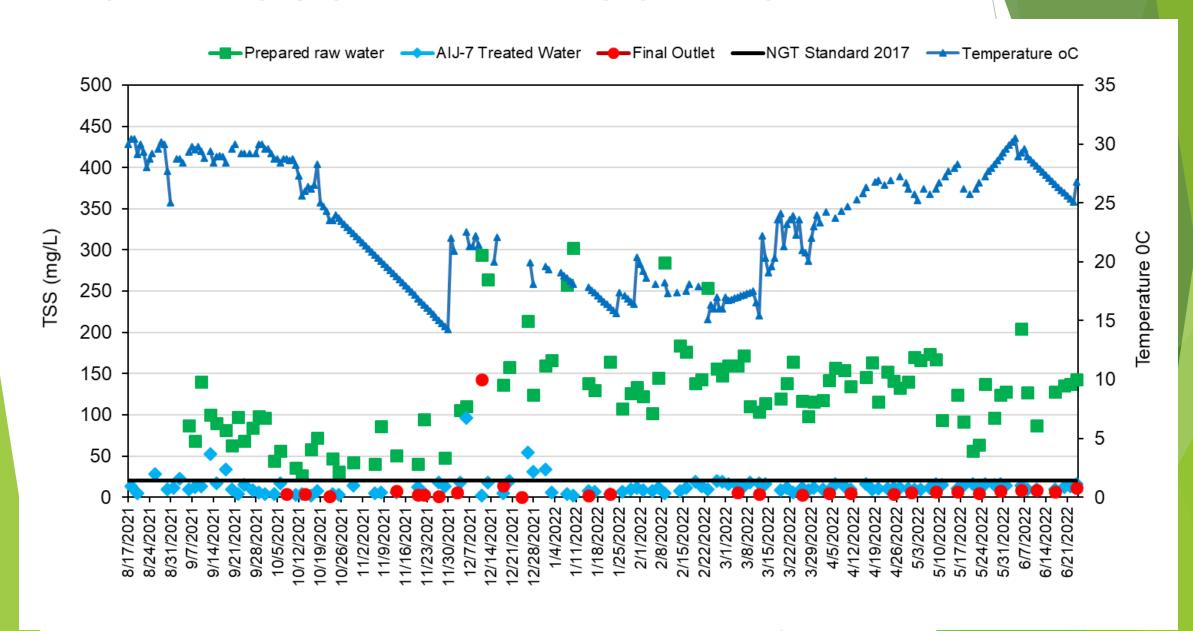
# CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (COD)



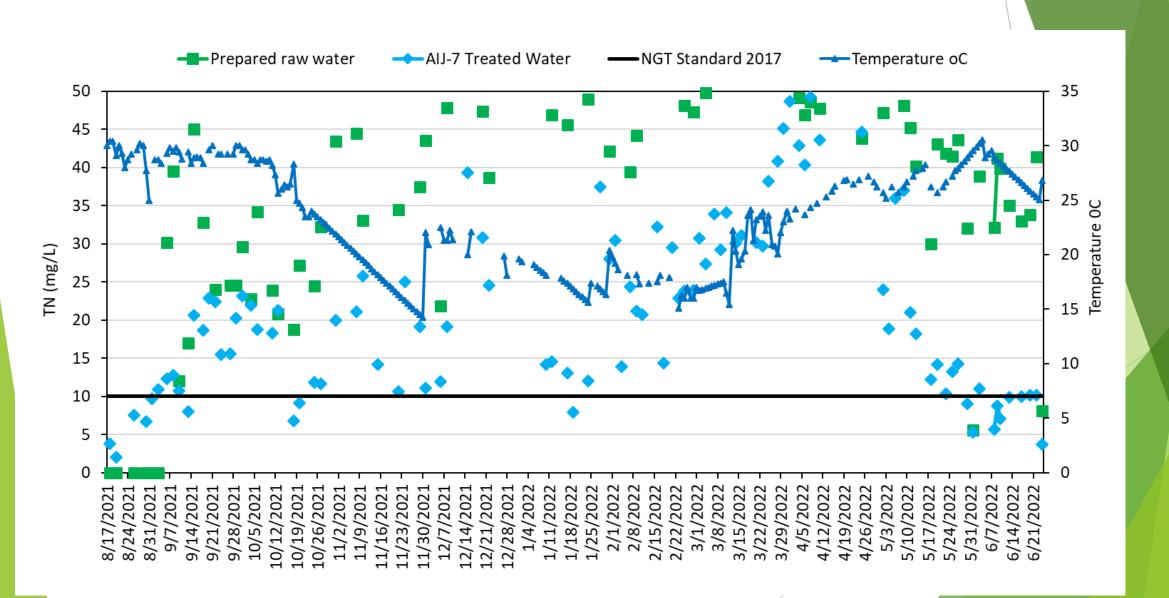
# BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (BOD)



# **TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS**

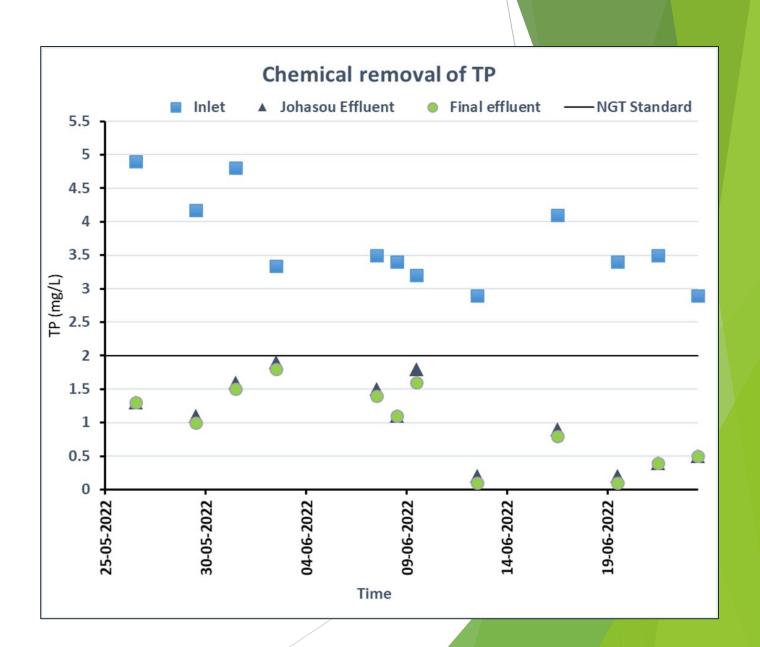


# **TOTAL NITROGEN (TN)**



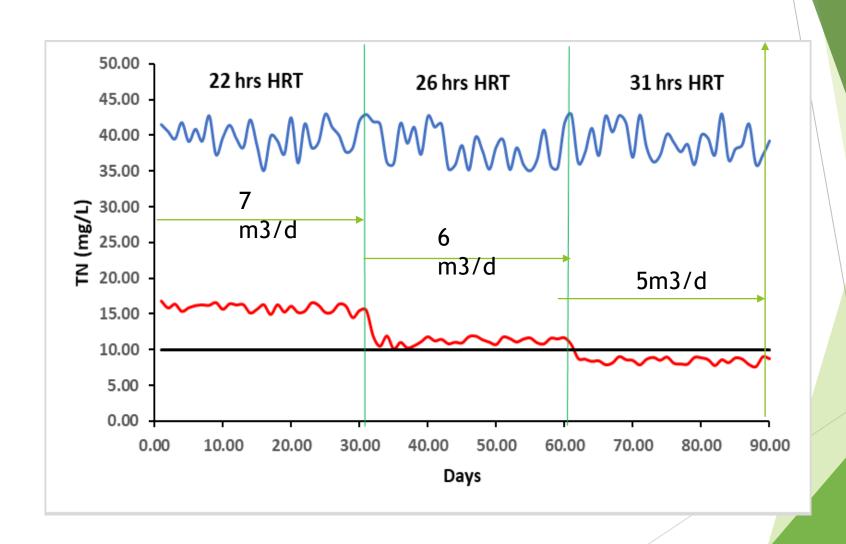
# CHEMICAL PHOSPHOROUS REMOVAL

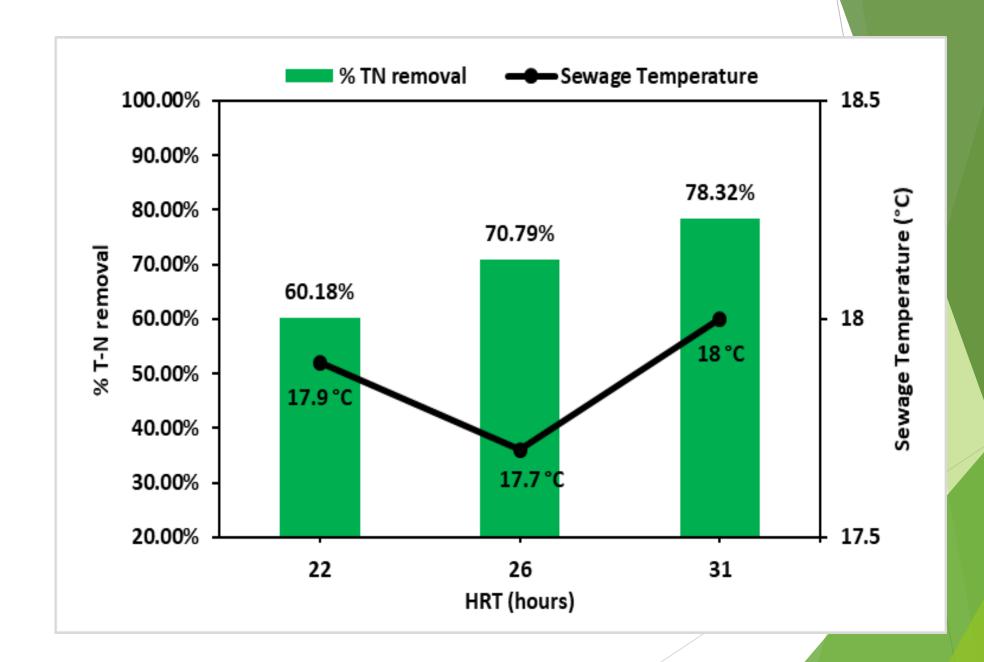
Alum Dose 200 mg/L



# LOW TEMPERATURE STUDIESWinter months 17-18 °C sewage Temperature

# REDUCING ITS TREATMENT CAPACITY FROM 7 KLD TO 5 KLD



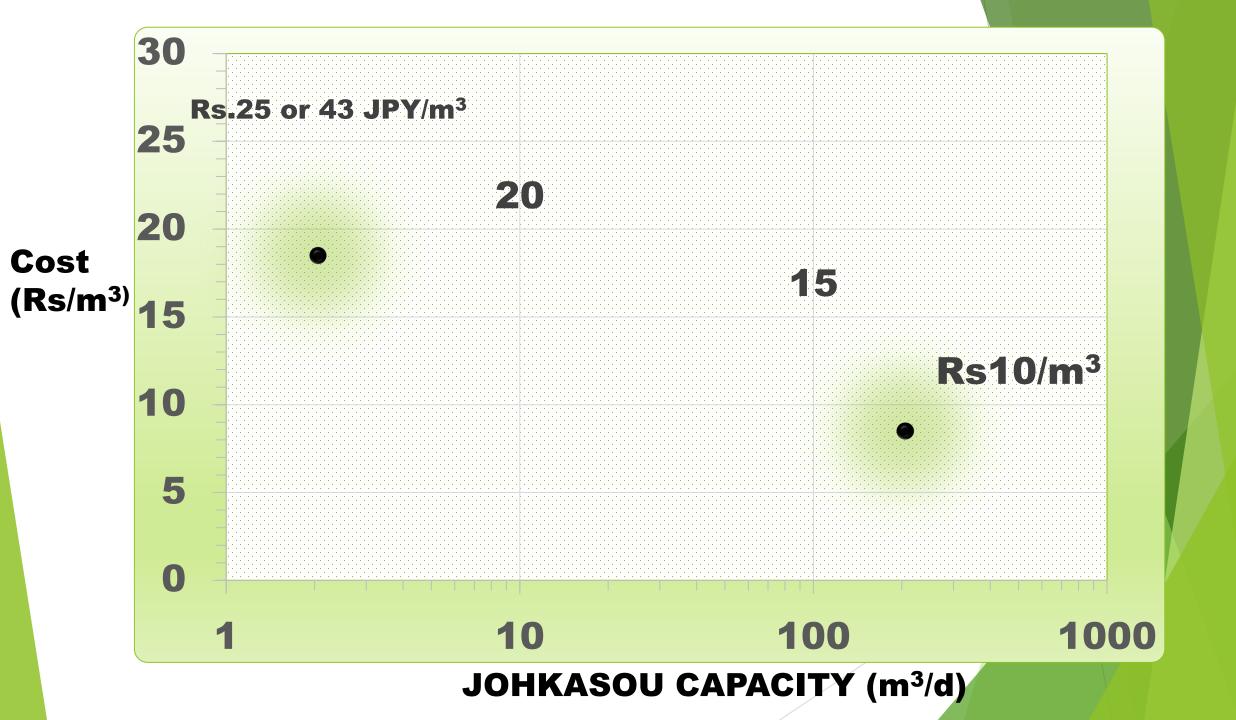


# FINALLY



<b>Parameters</b>	Inlet	Outlet
BOD (mg/L)	300	10
COD (mg/L)	450	50
TSS (mg/L)	240	20
TN (mg/L)	50	10

Phosphorus and Coliform Removal by Alum and Chlorine



# **NATIONAL NEWSPAPER**

# IIT-Roorkee validates adaptability of Japanese technology-based STPs for hilly regions

Tapan Susheel / TNN / Oct 12, 2022, 23:19 IST









# THE TIMES OF INDIA

Environmental researchers at IIT-Roorkee have carried out research on Japan's Johkasou technology (JT) for its adaptation and validation in Indian conditions. JT deals in sewage treatment plants (STPs).



ROORKEE: Environmental researchers at IIT-Roorkee have carried out research on Japan's Johkasou technology (JT) for its adaptation and validation in Indian conditions. JT deals in sewage treatment plants (STPs).

Japanese company Daiki signed an MoU

in December 2020 with IIT-R. The researchers said that although JT can work effectively across the country, its implementation in Uttarakhand, particularly in

### MEMORANDUM OF COOPERATION

**BETWEEN** 

THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA

AND

THE MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT

OF JAPAN

IN THE AREAS OF DECENTRALIZED DOMESTIC WASTE WATER

**MANAGEMENT** 

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Signed on the 19th day of March 2022 in the English language.

FOR THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA FOR THE MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT
OF JAPAN

Gaptenin.

Gajendra Singh Shekhawat Minister of Jal Shakti, India



Tsuyoshi Yamaguchi Minister of the Environment, Japan

# INDO-JAPAN-MEMORANDUM OF COOPERATION- MARCH 2022

- Exchanging information and expertise on decentralized domestic wastewater management.
- Seminars, conferences and meetings.
- Capacity building through trainings, workshops and on job sites.
- Other forms to be mutually decided upon





## IIT Roorkee and Daiki Axis India

are organising a workshop on

Advanced On-site Wastewater Management System (Johkasou).

# (KEY TOPICS)

- Technical Evaluation of Johkasou performance in Indian conditions by IIT Rookee
- Johkasou learnings from Japan and other developing countries
- Various Outlet Parameters Standards and compliance for onsite systems
- Opportunity for Onsite Treatment Systems in Various Government Missions
- Sustainable Cost and Financial models for Onsite Solutions-PPP, BOOT, HAM Suitability for onsite systems
- Holistic development of onsite/
   Decentralized Treatment- Daiki Axis
   Vision, Strategy and roadmap

# You are cordially invited.

### In person

# Online

9.30 am - 3.35pm | 5th August 2022 Gulmohar, India Habitat Centre New Dolhi Watch the live streaming of workshop on and You The Daiki Axis India

Workshop on

ADVANCED ON-SITE WASTE WATER

NAGEMENT SYSTEM (JOHKASOU)

August 5, 2022, India Habitat Centre, New Delhi, India

IIT Roorkee

8

Daiki Axis India

Presents

Workshop on

ADVANCED ON-SITE

ADVANCED ON-SITE

WASTE WATER

WATE



Prof. A.A Kazmi- @iitroorkee, talked about the performance evaluation of Johkasou in Indian conditions and various other steps that can be taken to improve the wastewater management system.

#NamamiGange



# FIRST MEETING BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

### **BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS**

# Minutes of the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of the Working Group for Draft for Specification for Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant CED 24: WG 07

Meeting Mode: Virtual Date: 23 May 2022

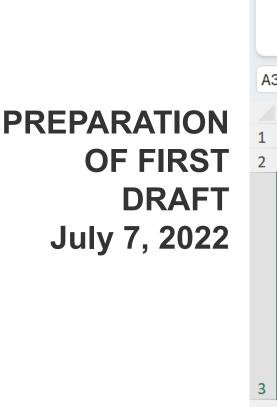
ATTENDEES:

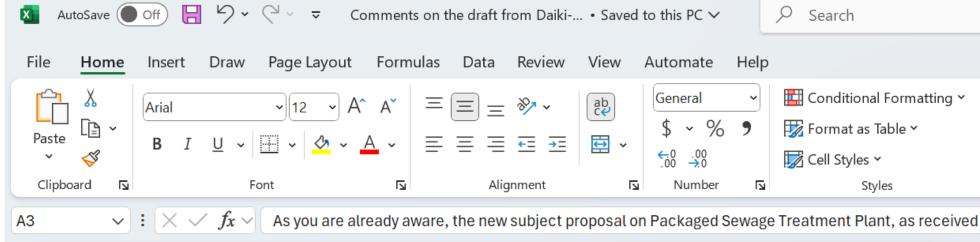
Co-ordinator: Shri A. K. Sarin, In Personal Capacity (Co-ordinator)

**Member Secretary:** Shri Shubham Agrawal

### Members & Invitees:

1.	Prof Absar Ahmad Kazmi, IIT Roorkee			
2.	Prof Nityanand S. Maurya, National Institute of Technology Patna			
3.	Ms Neha Agarwal, Centrefor Policy Research			
4.	Ms Shaivi, Centre for Policy Research			
5.	Shri Girish Chandra Mishra, Saviram Engg. Consultants Pvt Ltd			
6.	Shri Rio Waza, Daiki-Axis India Pvt Ltd.			
7.	Shri Kamal Tiwari, Daiki-Axis India Pvt. Ltd			





### **SECTIONAL COMMITTEE, CED 24**

2 Dear Madam/Sir,

As you are already aware, the new subject proposal on Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant, as received form M/s Daiki-Axis India Pvt Ltd, was circulated to all the members of the Committee through BIS Standardization Portal. However, no inputs/views/comments were received on the same from any of the members. In the meanwhile, Prof Absar Ahmad Kazmi of IIT Roorkee and Ms Neha Agarwal of Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, showed interest on the proposed subject and informed regarding increasing acceptability of the product in the country. They worked together along with Daiki-Axis India Pvt Ltd and their team in Japan and prepared the initial draft on the proposed subject with the modified title as 'Packaged Domestic Wastewater Treatment System'. The scope of the proposed subject is given below:

"It covers the requirements of materials, design, structural strength, performance, and inspection and testing for compliance of Glass Fibre-Reinforced Plastic (GFRP) Packaged Domestic Wastewater Treatment Systems (PDWTS). On-site sanitation systems, like the PDWTS, are alternatives to centralized sewerage systems where the latter is unfeasible or unavailable in both urban and rural areas. These units are designed to serve a population equivalent of up to 50 for complete treatment of wastewater on-site and are suitable for underground installation at standard temperature and pressure conditions. It does not cover on-site assembled PDWTS. It only covers PDWTS that are assembled off-site by one manufacturer and tested as a

500 ? 50 m ?

September 2024









ABOUT THE **ACTIVITY** 

STANDARD OF THE **WEEK** 

STANDARD OF THE MONTH

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History					
	Document Details				
Name of Department/Committee :	CED 24				
Document Number :	CED 24 ( 24325)				
Document Title [English] :	Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant - Specification				
Document Title [Hindi] :	पूर्वनिर्मित मलजल उपचार संयंत्र – विशिष्टि				
Document Type :	New				
Language :	English				
Priority:	3				
ICS Code:	93.030, 13.060.30				
Date of Project Approval :	31-08-2023				

S.No.	P-Draft Completion Date	WC-Draft Completion Date	Final-Draft Completion Date	Project Completion Date(Gazette)	Entered By	Entered On
1	04-12-2023	04-05-2024	19-07-2024	04-12-2024	Mr. Dheeraj Damachya	04-12-2023

भारतीय मानक Indian Standard

IS 18797 : 2024

पूर्वनिर्मित मलजल उपचार संयंत्र — विशिष्टि

Packaged Sewage Treatment
Plant — Specification

ICS 13.060.30; 93.030

@ BIS 2024



भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 110002 MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI - 110002

www.bis.gov.in www.standardsbis.in

Packaged sewage treatment systems (PSTP) can provide a turnkey solution to the need of advanced on-site sewage treatment and are suitable for installation at the level of individual households or as a decentralized community-level solution. This standard for packaged sewage treatment plant (PSTP) aims to ease the implementation of these products as India amplifies its efforts to meet the United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 6 'Clean water and sanitation for all'.

This standard provides a comprehensive framework to manufacturers of packaged sewage treatment systems for assuring the quality and performance of their products such that they can provide consistent and adequate on-site sewage treatment and aid in the achievement of safe sanitation for all.

This standard covers the requirements of materials, design, structural strength, performance and inspection and testing for compliance Of packaged sewage treatment plant (PSTP) made using glass fibre reinforced plastic (GFRP), polyethylene (PE), poly propylene (PP) or dicyclopentadiene (DCPD). On-site sanitation systems, like the PSTP, are alternatives to centralized sewerage systems where the latter is infeasible or unavailable in both urban and rural areas.

# INFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS & EFFLUENT DISCHARGE STANDARDS

Sl No.	Parameter	Unit	Concentration		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
i)	Biological/biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	mg/l	250		
ii)	Chemical oxygen demand (CODcr)	mg/l	425 .	Parameter	Concentration Not to
iii)	Total suspended solids (TSS)	mg/1	375		Exceed
iv)	Total nitrogen (TN)	mg/l	50	(2)	(3)
v)	Total phosphorous (TP)	mg/l	7.1	pH	5.5 to 9.0
				Biological/biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	30 mg/l
				Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	250 mg/l
				Total suspended solids (TSS)	100  mg/l
				Total nitrogen (TN)	100 mg/l
				Dissolved PO <sub>4</sub> as P	5 mg/l

# **IMPOSTANT CLAUSES**

- ▶ 4.3.5 The minimum HRT of the system shall be 16.5 h for average sewage temperature of 25 °C or above. However, the HRT shall be significantly higher for colder areas. Alternatively, heating element may be used for maintaining the desired temperature.
- ▶ The system shall be designed with two or more compartments.
- ▶ 4.3.4 The system shall be sized such that it is able to safely store at least six month's sludge production without compromising the treatment performance OR the system shall be designed to have a minimum desludging period of six months under normal operating conditions

# PERFORMANCE TESTING

**B-5** The system shall be tested for average flow, if equalization tank is provided, otherwise it shall be tested for hourly variation of inflow. An illustrative

temporal pattern of inflow rate diagram for such systems is described in Fig. 1 with an allowable error of  $\pm$  5 percent. The evaluation shall be conducted under three modes of flow rates: normal

flow mode (Q) for a period of 40 weeks, low flow mode (0.5Q) for 4 weeks and high flow mode (1.25Q) for 4 weeks for a total of 48 weeks.

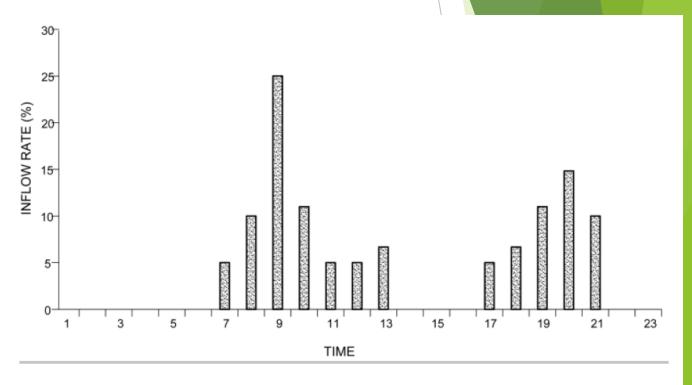


FIG. 1 TEMPORAL PATTERN OF INFLOW RATE

Table 7 Parameters for Evaluation and Frequency of Testing

(Clause <u>B-6</u>)

Sl No.	Parameter	Unit	Frequency
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Daily influent flow	litre/day	As desired
ii)	Inflow period	hour/day	As desired
iii)	Inflow pattern	Percentage versus hour	As desired
iv)	Peak influent flow	litre/minute	As desired
v)	Temperature of influent	°C	As desired
vi)	Daily effluent flow	litre/day	As desired
vii)	Sludge level	metre	Monthly (or more frequent)
viii)	Scum level	metre	Weekly (or more frequent)
ix)	Biological/biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) <sup>1</sup>	mg/l	Weekly (or more frequent)
x)	Chemical oxygen demand (COD <sub>cr</sub> )1	mg/l	Weekly (or more frequent)
xi)	Total suspended solids (TSS)1	mg/l	Weekly (or more frequent)
xii)	Total nitrogen (TN) <sup>1</sup>	mg/l	Weekly (or more frequent)
xiii)	Total phosphorous (TP) <sup>1</sup>	mg/l	Weekly (or more frequent)
xiv)	Faecal coliform (FC)	Most probable number (MPN) per 100 ml	Weekly (or more frequent)
xv)	$p\mathrm{H}^1$		Weekly (or more frequent)

### ROUTINE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

# F-1 ROUTINE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- **F-1.1** The following routine inspection shall be carried out by the user once a week:
  - a) Check pretreatment units (bar screens, O and G trap, grit chamber, etc);
  - b) Check state of operation of blowers;
  - c) Check state of operation of pumps and float switch/level switch/float; and
  - d) Check state of operation of disinfection system.
- **F-1.2** The following routine inspection shall be carried out by the service provider once a month:
  - a) Check media or filter conditions;

- b) Clean air filters of blowers; and
- Check leakage, clogging, etc, in influent, effluent, internal, inter-connection, aeration pipes for leakage, clogging.
- **F-1.3** The following routine inspection shall be carried out by the service provider once in six months:
  - a) Replacement of air filters of blowers;
  - b) Sludge level check;
  - c) Check scum in all chambers;
  - d) Sludge removal; and
  - e) Cleaning of media and filter.

Table 3 Requirements of Raw Material and Laminate for FRP

(*Clause* <u>5.1</u>)

Sl No.	Parameter	Threshold	Method of Test, Ref to
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Minimum heat distortion temperature	> 65 °C	Annex C
ii)	Percent (w/w) glass content*	> 30 % (w/w)**	IS 14856
iii)	Surface hardness for FRP tank	> 35 BHU	IS 13360 (Part 5/Sec 14)

Table 4 Requirements for Demonstrating Structural Strength of FRP

(*Clause* <u>5.6</u>)

Sl No.	Parameter	Threshold	Method of Test, Ref to
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Tensile strength	≥ 60 MPa	IS 13360 (Part 5/Sec 1)
ii)	Flexural strength	$\geq 100 \text{ MPa}$	IS 14856
iii)	Tensile modulus	≥ 6 500 MPa	IS 13360 (Part 5/Sec 1)
iv)	Flexural modulus	≥ 5 800 MPa	IS 13360 (Part 5/Sec 7)

<sup>\*</sup> Percent (w/w) glass content is not applicable to rotomoulded PE tanks.

\*\* For GFRP manufactured by chop hoop winding process, minimum glass content required may be reduced to 22 percent.







# "NEW TECHNOLOGIES FOR DECENTRALIZED TREATMENT OF SEWAGE AND SLUDGE MANAGEMENT"

September 23<sup>rd</sup>-24<sup>th</sup> 2024

Sponsored by

National Mission for Clean Ganga (New Delhi)

Organized by

Department of Civil Engineering and Continuing Education Centre
IIT Roorkee

# 100 PARTICPANTS (POLLUTION CONTROL BOARDS, MUNICIPALITIES & PUBLIC HEALTH & SANITATION DEPARTMENT – 22 STATES



# **LECTURES ON JOHKASOU**



# FIELD DEMONSTRATION



# **WAY FORWARD**

- ► REPLICATION OF SYSTEM ALL OVER INDIA
- ► TESTING FACILITY UNDER MEMORANDUM OF COOPERATION.
- ► MORE WORKSHOP/TRAININGS AND AWARENESS PROGRAMS